

	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	End of Key Stage 1
Hardware	Nursery Have daily access to a range of technology resources such as torches with switches, remote controlled cars, beebots, talking tins, voice-recording toys, as well as class ipads and interactive whiteboards. Press buttons to turn hardware off and on.	ReceptionLearning how to operate a camera to take photographs of meaningful creations or moments.Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to develop familiarity and introduce relevant vocabulary.Recognising and identifying familiar letters and numbers on a keyboard.Developing basic mouse skills such as moving and clicking.Physical Development - Development - 	Year 1 Learning how to operate a camera or tablet to take photos and videos. Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works. Recognising that some devices are input devices and others are output devices. Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. Understanding what a computer is and that it's made up of different components.	Year 2 Learning how to operate a camera or tablet to take photos and videos. Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works. Recognising that some devices are input devices and others are output devices. Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. Recognising that buttons cause effects and that technology follows instructions.	End of Key Stage 1 Pupils learn to: Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. Create and debug simple programs. Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. Use technology purposefully to create,
		Clicking. Physical Development - Develop their small motor	made up of different components. Learning how we know that	cause effects and that technology follows instructions.	Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate
		Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. (ELG)	Learning how we know that technology is doing what we want it to do via its output. Developing confidence with the keyboard and the basics	Using greater control when taking photos with cameras, tablets or computers.	organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.
			of touch typing.		,



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	Recognising that buttons	Use technology safely and
	cause effects and that	respectfully, keeping
	technology follows	personal information
	instructions.	private; identify where to go
		for help and support when
	Using greater control when	they have concerns about
	taking photos with cameras,	content or contact on the
	tablets or computers.	internet or other online
	·	technologies.



	Are taught how to use	Using logical reasoning to	Learning that decomposition	Using decomposition to	
	the resources for	understand simple	means breaking a problem	solve unplugged	
	different purposes eg	instructions and predict the	down into smaller parts and	challenges.	
	ipads to watch videos,	outcome.	articulating this.		
	play games, take			Using logical reasoning to	
	photographs and listen to		Using decomposition to solve	predict the behaviour of	
	stories.		unplugged challenges.	simple programs.	
g			Using logical reasoning to	Developing the skills	
п			predict the behaviour of	associated with sequencing	
۲k			simple programs.	in unplugged activities.	
ir					
th			Developing the skills	Following a basic set of	
al			associated with sequencing	instructions.	
nc			in unplugged activities.		
tic			1 00	Assembling instructions into	
ta			Following a basic set of	a simple algorithm	
nc			instructions.		
μ				Explain what an algorithm	
or			Assembling instructions into	is.	
C)			a simple algorithm.		
				Following an algorithm.	
			Explaining what an		
			algorithm is.	Creating a clar and precise	
				algorithm.	
			Following an algorithm.		
				Learning that programs	
			Creating a clear and precise	execute by following precise	
			algorithm.		



	Learning that programs execute by following precise	instructions.	
	instructions.	Incorporating loops within algorithms.	
	Incorporating loops within algorithms.		
	Decomposing a game to predict the algorithms used to create it.		
	Learning that there are different levels of abstraction.		



	Following instructions as	Following instructions as	Learning to debug	Programming a Floor robot	
	part of practical activities	part of practical activities	instructions when things go	to follow a planned route.	
	and games.	and games.	wrong.		
				Using programming	
	Learning to give simple	Learning to give simple	Learning to debug an	language to explain how a	
	Instructions.	instructions.	algorithm in an unplugged scenario.	floor rodot works.	
		Experimenting with		Using logical thinking to	
		programming a Bee-bot/	Using logical thinking to	explore software, predicting,	
		Blue-bot and learning how	explore software, predicting,	testing and explaining what	
b		to give simple commands.	testing and explaining what it does.	it does.	
UIL		Learning to debug		Using an algorithm to write	
nn		instructions, with the help of	Using an algorithm to write a	a basic computer program.	
an		an adult, when things go	basic computer program.		
gr		wrong.		Using loop blocks when	
õ			To understand that an	programming to repeat an	
ב		To know that being able to	algorithm is when instructions	instruction more than once.	
		follow and give simple	are put in an exact order.		
		instructions is important in	To be out that is not douting a	Learning to debug	
		computing.	To know that input devices	Instructions when things go	
		To understand that it is	computer and that output	wrong.	
		important for instructions to	devices get information out of	Learning to debug an	
		be in the right order	a computer	algorithm in an unplugged	
				scenario.	
		To understand why a set of	To understand that		
		instructions may have gone	decomposition means	To understand the basic	
		wrong.	breaking a problem into	functions of a Bee-Bot.	



	To know that you can	manageable chunks and that	To know that you can use a	
	program a Rea Ret with	it is important in computing	approver a second	
		it is important in computing.		
	some simple commands.		simple videos.	
		To know that we call errors in		
	Communication and	an algorithm 'bugs' and fixing	To know that algorithms	
	Language :use talk to help	these 'debugging'.	move a bee-bot accurately	
	work our problems and		to a chosen destination.	
	organise thinking and	To know that coding is writing		
	activities and to explain	in a special language so that	To understand what	
	how things work and why	the computer understands	machina loarning is and	
	they might here an			
	tney might happen.	what to do.	now that enables computers	
			to make predictions.	
		To understand that the		
		character in ScratchJr is	To know that loops in	
		controlled by the	programming are where you	
		programming blocks.	set a certain instruction (or	
		1 - 5	instructions) to be repeated	
		To know that you can write a	multiple times	
		program to grapte a musical		
			To be see that a batter of an is	
		instrument or tell a joke.	I O KNOW THAT ADSTRACTION IS	
			the removing of	
			unnecessary detail to help	
			solve a problem.	



	I lse a range of	Llsing a simple online paint	Lising a basic range of tools	Lising a basic range of tools	
	toobology resources to	tool to groate digital art	within graphic aditing	within graphic aditing	
	technology resources to	tool to create digital art.			
	support learning in other		software.	software.	
	areas of the curriculum.	To know that you must hold			
		the camera still and ensure	Taking and editing	Taking and editing	
		the subject is in the shot to	photographs.	photographs.	
		take a photo.			
		·	Developing control of the	Developing control of the	
			mouse through dragging.	mouse through dragging.	
പ			clicking and resizing of	clicking and resizing of	
are			images to create different	images to create different	
SV SV			offecto	offecto	
۲.			enecis.	enecis.	
o			Developing understanding of		
S			Developing understanding of	Developing understanding	
g			different software tools.	of different software tools.	
in					
S			Developing word processing	Using software (and	
			skills, including altering text,	unplugged means) to create	
			copying and pasting and	story animations.	
			using keyboard shortcuts.		
				Creating and labelling	
			Usina word processina	images.	
			software to type and	5	
			reformat text		
			Creating and labelling		
			images.		



ches		Recognising devices that are connected to the internet.	Searching and downloading images from the internet safely.	
searc		Understanding that we are connected to others when	Recognising devices that	
net s		Searching for appropriate	internet.	
inter		images to use in a document.	Understanding that we are connected to others when	
and		information is.	using the internet.	
mail				
ng e				
Usi				



		Understanding that technology can be used to represent data in different ways: pictograms, tables, pie charts, bar charts, block graphs etc.	Understanding that technology can be used to represent data in different ways: pictograms, tables, pie charts, bar charts, block graphs etc.	
Using data		To know how that charts and pictograms can be created using a computer. To understand that a branching database is a way of classifying a group of objects. To know that computers understand different types of 'input'.	Collecting and inputting data into a spreadsheet. Interpreting data from a spreadsheet. Using representations to answer questions about data. Using software to explore and create pictograms and branching databases. To understand that you can enter simple data into a spreadsheet. To understand what steps you need to take to create an algorithm.	



			To know what data to use to answer certain questions. To know that computers can be used to monitor supplies.	
Wider use of technology		Recognising common uses of information technology, including beyond school. Understanding some of the ways we can use the internet. Learning how computers are used in the wider world.	Learning how computers are used in the wider world.	



	Recognising that a range of	Logging in and out and	Learning how to create a
	technology is used for	saving work on their own	strong password.
	different purposes.	account.	
			Understanding how to stay
	Learning to log in and log	When using the internet to	safe when talking to people
	out.	search for images, learning	online and what to do if they
		what to do if they come	see or hear something
		across something online that	online that makes them feel
		worries them or makes them	upset or uncomfortable.
		feel uncomfortable.	Labora (16 vizo en codo e the e m
\mathbf{S}		Linderstanding how to	Identifying whether
ă		interact acfely with others	Information is sale of
ē			
Ē		oninie.	Learning to be respectful of
R		Recognising how actions on	others when sharing online
<u>it</u>		the internet can affect others.	and ask for their permission
ig			before sharing content.
\Box		Recognising what a digital	
		footprint is and how to be	Learning strategies for
		careful about what we post.	checking if something they
			read online is true.
		Identifying whether	
		information is safe or unsafe	When using the internet to
		to be shared online.	search for images, learning
			what to do if they come
			across something online
			that worries them or makes



	To be able to understand	To know that "log in and log	To know the difference	
	what a computer keyboard	out" means to begin and end	between a desktop and	
S	is and recognising some	a connection with a	laptop computer. To know	
rk	letters and numbers.	computer.	that people control	
0			technology.	
t∧	To know that a mouse can	To know that a		
Je	be used to click, drag and	computer and mouse can be	To know that buttons	
	create simple drawings.	used to click, drag, fill and	are a form of input that give	
JC		select and also add	a computer an instruction	
al	To know that different types	backgrounds, text, layers,	about what to do (output).	
S	of technology can be found	shapes and clip art.		
E	at home and in school.		To know that computers	
te		To know that passwords are	often work together.	
/S	To know that you can take	important for security.		
Ś	simple photographs with a		To know that touch typing is	
g	camera or iPad.	To know that when we create	the fastest way to type.	
in		something on a computer it		
ut		can be more easily saved	To know that I can make	
d		and shared than a paper	text a different style, size	
L		version.	and colour.	
С С				
\mathbf{O}		To know some of the simple	To know that "copy and	
		graphic design features of a	paste" is a quick way of	
		piece of online software.	duplicating text.	



	Know and talk about the	To know that the internet is	To understand the	
	different factors that	many devices connected to	difference between online	
	support their overall	one another.	and offline.	
	health and wellbeing:			
	sensible amounts of	To know that you should tell	To understand what	
	'screen time'.	a trusted adult if you feel	information I should not	
		unsafe or worried online.	post online.	
		To know that poople you do	To know what the	
∋t)		not know on the internet	to know what the	
afe		(online) are strangers and are	creating a strong password	
ပိ		not always who they say they	creating a strong password.	
d)		are.	To know that you should	
Ĕ			ask permission from others	
C		To know that to stay safe	before sharing about them	
0		online it is important to keep	online and that they have	
		personal information safe.	the right to say 'no'.	
			0	
		To know that 'sharing' online	To understand that not	
		means giving something	everything I see or read	
		specific to someone else via	online is true.	
		the internet and 'posting'		
		online means placing		
		information on the internet.		



	Computer	Computer	Account / Clipart	Battery	
	I-pad	Computer tower	Computer	Buttons	
	Interactive	Monitor	Log on/off	Computer	
	Whiteboard	Keyboard	Password	Desktop	
	Camera	Mouse	Resize	Device	
	Keyboard	Letters	Screen (monitor)	Electricity	
	Mouse	Numbers	Software / Tools	Invention	
	Telephone	Uppercase / Lowercase	Username / Algorithm	Laptop Technology / Wire	
	On / Off / Online	Туре	Bug / Computer	Artificial intelligence (AI)	
	Screen	Computer safety	Debug / Decompose	Correct / Data	
\geq	Screen-time	Protect	Device / Input	Debug / Decompose	
ต	Stop / Start	Secure / Security	Instructions / Output	Error / Key features	
Ŋ	Instruction	Lock / Personal	Solution / Computer	Loop / Predict	
ac		Left-click / Right-click	Program / Create	Unnecessary backspace	
ö		Arrow / Cursor	Data / Digital content	Copyright / Image	
\leq		Instructions	E-document / Folder	Import	
\langle		Blindfold	List / Save / Sequence	Keyboard character	
6		Step over	Share	Paste / Undo / Redo	
Y		Walk around / Turn	Spreadsheet	Touch typing	
		Left / Right	Bee-Bot	Animation	
		To the side	Computing code	Bug / Code	
		Straight on	Computer program	Icon / Imitate	
		Stand still	Explain / Explore / Predict	Instructions	
		Stop / Duck	Tinker	Sequence	
		Under / Bend down	Video	Animator	
		Walk / Hop / Tiptoe	Crop / Delete / Download	Storyboard	
		Shuffle / Skip	Drag and drop	Contraption	
		Run / Timer	Editing software	Upload	
		Describe / Adjective	Image / Import	Decompose	



Two	p-part instructions	Resize / Save as	Design	
Algo	orithm	Search engine	Download	
Inst	ructions	Smart device	Film review	
Ord	er / Sequence	Storage space	Filming	
Pred	dict / Prediction	Visual effects	Import / Image	
Nex	t / Last / First	Categorise	Plan / Sketch	
Sec	ond / Third	Chart	Software	
USE	3 stick	Computer information	Stop-motion	
Syst	tem fan	Label	Approximate	
Hard	d drive / Monitor	Pictogram	Astronaut	
Con	nputer tower	Record	Data / Digital content	
Spe	aker	Sort	Experiment	
Clic	k / Dial	Table	Interactive map	
Men	nory	Text	Laboratory	
Tec	hnology	Communicate	Monitor (verb)	
Pow	ver / Electricity	Connect / Devices	Satellite	
Batt	teries	Digital footprint	Sensor	
Can	nera	Emotion / Feelings	Space	
iPac	d / Tablet	Internet	Survival	
Len	s / Point	Internet safety	Thermometer	
Sho	oot / Capture	Online	Accept	
Pict	ure / Image	Personal information	Consent	
Gall	lery / Record	Posting	Content	
Pho	otograph	Respect / Sharing	Offline / Online	
Pho	otographer	Smart device	Password	
Still		Strangers	Permission	
Blur	red	Trust	Personal information	
Blur	rry / Crisp	Wired	Terms and conditions	
Clea	ar	Wireless	Trusted adult	



	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	End of Key Stage 2
Hardware		 Understanding what the different components of a computer do and how they work together. Drawing comparisons across different types of computers. Learning about the purpose of routers. Using chroma key (green screen) technology to change a background. Understanding that weather stations use sensors to gather and record data which predicts the weather. 	Learning that external devices can be programmed by a separate computer. Learning the difference between ROM and RAM. Recognising how the size of RAM affects the processing of data. Understanding the fetch, decode, execute cycle. Learning about the history of computers and how they have evolved over time. Using the understanding of historic computers to design	Understanding and identifying barcodes, QR codes and RFID. Identifying devices and applications that can scan or read barcodes, QR codes and RFID. Understanding how corruption can happen within data during transfer (for example when downloading, installing, copying and updating files).	Pupils should be taught to: Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts . Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output. Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in
			a computer of the future.		algorithms and programs.



etworks and data representation	Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and opportunities for communication and collaboration. Understanding the role of the key components of a network. Identifying the key components within a network, including whether they are wired or wireless. Understanding that websites and videos are files that are shared from one computer to another.	Learning the vocabulary associated with data: data and transmit. Learning how the data for digital images can be compressed. Recognising that computers transfer data in binary and understanding simple binary addition. Relating binary signals (Boolean) to the simple character-based language, ASCII. Learning that messages can be sent by binary code, reading binary up to eight characters and carrying out	Understanding that computer networks provide multiple services.	Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration. Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and
Networks and	Understanding that websites and videos are files that are shared from one computer to another. Learning about the role of packets	Learning that messages can be sent by binary code, reading binary up to eight characters and carrying out binary calculations.		Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs systems and
	Understanding how networks work and their purpose.	Understanding how bit patterns represent images as pixels.		content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing,



Recognising links between	evaluating and presenting
networks and the internet.	data and information.
	Use technology safely,
Learning how data is	respectfully and
transferred.	responsibly; recognise



	Using decomposition to explore the code behind an animation	Using decomposition to explain the parts of a laptop computer	Decomposing a program without support.	Decomposing a program into an algorithm.	acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns
	Using repetition in programs.	Explaining the purpose of an algorithm.	Predicting how software will work based on previous experience.	Decomposing animations into a series of images.	about content and contact.
ß	Using logical reasoning to explain how simple		Using past experiences to help solve new problems.	Decomposing a story to be able to plan a program to tell a story.	
Jkir	algorithms work.		Writing increasingly complex	Predicting how software will	
al thir	Explaining the purpose of an algorithm.		algorithms for a purpose.	work based on previous experience.	
ationa	Forming algorithms independently.			Writing increasingly complex algorithms for a	
Comput	Using decomposition to solve a problem by finding out what code was used.			purpose.	
	Using decomposition to understand the purpose of a script of code.				
	Identifying patterns through unplugged activities.				



Using past experiences to help solve new problems.		
Using abstraction to identify the important parts during both plugged and unplugged activities.		





Remixing existing code.	animation, games design	Debugging quickly and	code, justifying what is	
To know that Scratch is a	etc.	effectively to make a program	wrong and how it can be	
programming language		more encient.	conected.	
and some of its basic		Remixing existing code to	Writing code to create a	
functions.		explore a problem.	desired effect.	
To understand how to		To know that a Micro:bit is a	Using a range of	
use loops to improve		programmable device.	programming commands.	
programming.		To know that Micro bit uses a	Using repetition within a	
To understand how		block coding language similar	program.	
decomposition is used in		to Scratch.		
programming.			To know that there are text-	
To supply a set of a set of the set of the set		To understand and recognise	based programming	
To understand that you		coding structures including	languages such as Logo	
existing code.		valiables.	and i ython.	
sine ing e set		To know what techniques to	To know that nested loops	
To understand that a		use to create a program for a	are loops inside of loops.	
variable is a value that		specific purpose (including	To supply a start of the support	
can change (depending		decomposition).	To understand the use of random numbers and romix	
that you can create them			Python code.	
in Scratch.				
			To know that a soundtrack	
			is music for a film/video and	
			that one way of composing	



		these is on programming software.	
		To understand that using loops can make the process of writing music simpler and more effective.	
		To know how to adapt their code while performing their music.	



	Taking photographs and recording video to tell a story.	Building a web page and creating content for it.	Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making	Using logical thinking to explore software more independently, making	
Using Software	Using software to edit and enhance their video adding music, sounds and text on screen with transitions. Designing and creating a webpage for a given purpose. Building a web page and creating content for it. Using software to work collaboratively with others.	Use online software for documents, presentations, forms and spreadsheets. Using software to work collaboratively with others.	 predictions based on their previous experience, iterating ideas and testing continuously. Identify ways to improve and edit programs, videos, images etc. Using search and word processing skills to create a presentation. Independently learning how to use 3D design software package TinkerCAD. Creating and editing sound recordings for a specific purpose. Creating and editing videos, adding multiple elements: music, voiceover, sound, text and transitions. 	predictions based on their previous experience, iterating ideas and testing continuously. Identify ways to improve and edit programs, videos, images etc. Using search and word processing skills to create a presentation. Using software programme Sonic Pi/Scratch to create music. Using video editing software to animate.	



			Using design software TinkerCAD to design a product. Creating a website with embedded links and multiple pages.		
Using email and internet searches	Learning to log in and out of an email account. Writing an email including a subject, 'to' and 'from.' Sending an email with an attachment. Replying to an email.	Understanding why some results come before others when searching. Using keywords to effectively search for information on the internet. Understanding that information found by searching the internet is not all grounded in fact. Searching the internet for data.	Understanding how search engines work.	Developing searching skills to help find relevant information on the internet. Learning how to use search engines effectively to find information, focussing on keyword searches and evaluating search returns.	



	To know that a database	Understanding the	Understanding how data is	Understanding how	
	is a collection of data	vocabulary associated with	collected in remote or	barcodes, QR codes and	
	stored in a logical,	databases: field, record,	dangerous places.	RFID work.	
	structured and orderly	data.			
	manner.		Understanding how data	Gathering and analysing	
		Learning about the pros and	might be used to tell us about	data in real time.	
	To know that computer	cons of digital versus paper	a location.		
	databases can be useful	databases.		Creating formulas and	
	for sorting and filtering		To know that Mars Rover is a	sorting data within	
	data.	Sorting and filtering	motor vehicle that collects	spreadsheets.	
		databases to easily retrieve	data from space by taking		
ອ	To know that different	information.	photos and examining	To know that data	
at	visual representations of		samples of rock.	contained within barcodes	
\square	data can be made on a	Creating and interpreting		and QR codes can be used	
D	computer.	charts and graphs to	To know what numbers using	by computers.	
		understand data.	binary code look like and be		
S			able to identify how	To know that infrared waves	
		Understanding that data is	messages can be sent in this	are a way of transmitting	
		used to forecast weather.	format.	data.	
			-		
		Recording data in a	To understand that RAM is	To know that Radio	
		spreadsheet independently.	Random Access Memory and	Frequency Identification	
			acts as the computer's	(RFID) is a more private	
		Sorting data in a	working memory.	way of transmitting data.	
		spreadsheet to compare			
		using the 'sort by' option.	I o know what simple	To know that data is often	
			operations can be used to	encrypted so that even if it	
			calculate bit patterns.	is stolen it is not useful to	
				the thief.	



Designing a device	which	To know that data can	
gathers and records	sensor	become corrupted within a	
data.		network but this is less	
		likely to happen if it is sent	
To know that compu	iters	in 'packets'.	
can use different for	ms of		
input to sense the w	orld	I know that devices or that	
around them so that	thev	are not updated are most	
can record and resp	ond to	vulnerable to hackers.	
data			
		To know the difference	
This is called 'sense	r data'	between mobile data and	
To know that a wear	her	WiFi	
machine is an autor	nated		
machine is an autor	nde to		
sensor data.			
To understand that			
	green		
screen technology' i	sa		
green background i	front of		
which moving subje	cts are		
filmed.			
This allows a separa	ately		
filmed background t	o be		
added to the final im	age.		



Wider use of technology	Understanding the purpose of emails. Recognising how social media platforms are used to interact.	Understanding that software can be used collaboratively online to work as a team.	Learn about different forms of communication that have developed with the use of technology.	Learning about the Internet of Things and how it has led to 'big data'. Learning how 'big data' can be used to solve a problem or improve efficiency. Learn about different forms of communication that have developed with the use of technology.	
>					



	Recognising that	Recognising that	Identifying possible dangers	Learning about the positive	
	different information is	information on the internet	online and learning how to	and negative impacts of	
	shared online including	might not be true or correct	stay safe.	sharing online.	
	facts, beliefs and	and that some sources are			
	opinions.	more trustworthy than	Evaluating the pros and cons	Learning strategies to	
		others.	of online communication.	create a positive online	
	Learning how to identify			reputation.	
	reliable information when	Learning to make	Recognising that information		
	searching online.	judgements about the	on the internet might not be	Understanding the	
$\mathbf{>}$		accuracy of online	true or correct and learning	importance of secure	
Ú.	Learning how to stay	searches.	ways of checking validity.	passwords and how to	
Lo Lo	safe on social media.	late of the interview of the	Learning and at the start fittle and	create them.	
te		Identifying forms of	Learning what to do if they		
	Considering the impact	advertising online.	experience builying online.	Learning strategies to	
a	technology can have on	Decennicing what	Learning to use on online	capture evidence of online	
)it:	moou.	Recognising what	Learning to use an online	bullying in order to seek	
Diç	Learning about	when collaborating with	community safety.	neip.	
	cyberbullying	others online	Lising search angines safely	Recognising that undated	
	cyberballying.	others offinite.	and effectively	software can beln to	
	Learning that not all	Reflecting on the positives	and checkively.	prevent data corruption and	
	emails are genuine.	and negatives of time spent	Understanding the	hacking.	
	recognising when an	online.	importance of secure		
	email might be fake and		passwords and how to create	Recognising that	
	what to do about it.	Identifying respectful and	them.	information on the internet	
		disrespectful online		might not be true or correct	
		behaviour.		and learning ways of	
				checking validity.	



	•To know what a tablet is	To understand that software	To know the difference	To know how search	
	and to understand that	can be used collaboratively	between ROM and RAM.	engines work.	
	email stands for	online to work as a team.			
	'electronic mail'.		To understand the	To understand that anyone	
ks Ks		To know what type of	importance of having a	can create a website and	
or	To know that an	comments and suggestions	secure password and what	therefore we should take	
Ň	attachment is an extra	on a collaborative document	"brute force hacking" is.	steps to check the validity of	
et	file added to an email.	can be helpful.		websites.	
č			To know that the first		
Q	To understand that	To know that you can use	computers were created at	To know that web crawlers	
an	emails should contain	images, text,	Bletchley park to crack the	are computer programs that	
ŝ	appropriate and	transitions and animation in	Enigma cose to help the war	crawl through the internet.	
Ë	respectful content.	presentations.	effort in World War 2.		
ē	-	-	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Io understand what	
'St	I o know that	To know what a tablet is	I o know about some of the	copyright is.	
Ώ.	cyberbullying is bullying	and now it is different from	nistorical figures that		
5	using electronics such as	a laptop/desktop computer.	contributed to technological		
č	a computer or phone.	To understand what a	advances in computing.		
ΞĘ		no understand what a	To understand what		
р		school notwork might be	to understand what		
Ε		organisod	create a presentation using		
$\overset{\circ}{}$		organiseu.	create a presentation using		
0		To know that a server is	appropriate software.		
		central to a network and			
		responds to requests made			
		responds to requests made.			



To know how the internet uses networks to share files.	
To know that a router connects us to the internet.	
To know what a packet is and why it is important for website data transfer.	
To know the roles that inputs and outputs play.	
To know what some of the different components inside a computer are e.g. CPU, RAM, hard drive, and how they work together.	



	To know that not	To understand some of the	To know different ways we	To know that a 'digital	
	everything on the	methods used to encourage	can communicate online.	footprint' means the	
	internet is true: people	people to buy things online.		information that exists on	
	share facts, beliefs and		To understand how online	the internet as a result of a	
	opinions online.	To understand that	information can be used to	person's online activity.	
		technology can be designed	form judgements.		
/	To understand that the	to act like or impersonate		To know what steps are	
et)	internet can affect your	living things.	To understand some ways to	required to capture bullying	
afe	moods and feelings.		deal with online bullying.	content as evidence.	
ŝ		To understand that			
() ()	To know that privacy	technology can be a	To know that apps require	To understand that it is	
ne	settings limit who can	distraction and identify	permission to access private	important to manage	
ilr	access your important	when someone might need	information and that you can	personal passwords	
Ō	personal information	to limit the amount of time	alter the permissions.	effectively.	
•		spent using technology.			
	Information, such as your		To know where I can go for	To understand what it	
	name, age, gender etc.	To understand what	support if I am being bullied	means to have a positive	
		behaviours are appropriate	online or feel that my health	online reputation.	
	To know what social	in order to stay safe and be	is being affected by time		
	media is and that age	respectful online.	online.	To know some common	
	restrictions apply.			online scams.	



	Device / File	Categorise	Algorithm / Company logo	Acrostic code	
	Internet / Network	Data / Database	Data leak / Data privacy	Brute force	
	Network map	Fields / Filter	Inaccurate information	Hacking	
	Network switch	Graphs and charts	Index / Keywords	Caesar cipher / Cipher	
	Router / Server	Information / Record	Network / Online	Encrypt / Invention	
	Submarine cables	Sort / Spreadsheet	Page rank / TASK	Nth letter cipher	
	The cloud / Wi-fi	Accurate	Web crawler / Website	Password	
	Wired / Wireless	Age restricted	WWW / Basic commands	Pigpen cipher	
	Wireless access	Autocomplete	Tinker / Bug / Debug	Technological advancement	
	Pointanimation	Beliefs / Block	Code (computer and verb)	Trial and error	
\geq	Sprite	Content / Digital devices	Error / Live loop / Loop	Algorithm	
a	Application / Tinker	Fact / Fake news	Pitch / Program language	Code (computer)	
Ŋ	Code / Code block	Opinion	Rhythm / Soundtrack	Computer command	
ac	Debug / Decompose	Privacy settings	Tempo / Timbre	Decompose /Import	
ö	Interface / Loop	Reliable / Report	Binary code / Data	Loop / Nested loop	
\leq	Predict / Program	Requests / Search engine	Sequence	Random numbers	
$\langle \rangle$	Remixing code	Security questions	Data transmission	Remix / Script	
6	Repetition code	Smart devices	Discovery / Signal	Libraries	
Y	Review account	Social media platforms	Distance / Simulation	Variable barcode	
	Password	Social networking	Input / Space (astronomy)	Signal / Boolean	
	Attachment	Collaborate / Spreadsheet	Moon / Numerical data	Systems or data	
	Username	Comment / Transition	Output / Planet	Brand / Analyst	
	BCC / Spam / CC	e-Document / Edit	Radio signal / Scientist	Commuter / Transmission	
	Computer	Email / Icon	.hex file / Variable	Contactless	
	Cyberbullying	Insert (file) / Link	.zip file / Bluetooth	Data / Data privacy	
	Domain	Presentation software	Code blocks / Decompose	Encrypt / Infrared waves	
	Email / Email account	Presentation / Reply	Emulator / Feature	NFC / QR code	
	Emoji / Information	Reviewing comments	Loop / Pedometer	Radio waves / RFID	
	Log off / Log on		Predict / Systematic	Background noise	



Algorithm	Share / Code / Code block	Tinker	Byte / Computer	
Computer program	Conditional statement	Animation / Animator	CPU /Memory storage	
Data / Desktop	Decompose / Direction	Background / Decompose	Mouse / OS	
Instructions	Feature / Icon	Design / Digital device	Radio play	
ROM / Tablet device	Orientation / Position	Duplicate / Editing	RAM / ROM	
Track pad / Application	Program / Project	Frame / Illusion	Sound effects	
Voice / Desktop	Stage / Tinker	Onion / Skinning	Touch screen	
Voiceover	Variable / Collaboration	Stop-motion / Storyboard	Trackpad / Big data	
Digital device	Tab / Content	Upload algorithm	Bluetooth / Corrupt data	
Edit	Website / Create	Binary image	Digital revolution	
Film / Film editing	WWW / Design	Bit / Bit pattern	GPS / Infrared waves	
Software / Graphics	Edit / Embed	CAD / Data / Encode	IoT / SIM	
Import / Key events	Feature / Header	Image / JPEG	Computer simulation	
Laptop / Plan	Hyperlink / Insert (file)	Memory / Computer	Smart school/city	
Recording	Online / Plancode	Operating system	Anonymity	
Sound effects	Content / Copyright	Pixels / Application 'app'	Anti-virus software	
Time code	CSS / Hacker	Anonymity / Bullying	Digital footprint	
	Hex code	Emoji / Gif / Hacked	Digital personality	
	Internet browser	Interpreted / Judgement	Malware	
	Permission / Script	Meme / Mental health	Online reputation	
	URL / Web page	Misinterpreted / Permissions	Peer-pressure /Permission	
	Abstraction / Algorithm	Reliable / Reputation	Phishing / Privacy settings	
	Design / Code		Report / Scammers	
	Code blocks / Computer		Screengrab / Selfie	
	Decompose problem		Software update	
	Algorithm / Temperature		Two-factor authentications	
	Automated machine			
	Calculate / Weather			
	Climate / Device			



Forecast / Log data	
Prodict / Pocord	
Sensor / Source	
Spreadsheet	
Ad / Advertisement	
Accuracy / Alter	
Belief / Bot / Chatbot	
Fact / Fake	
Gaming	
In-app purchases	
Influencer / Implication	
Judgement	
Live streaming	
Opinion / Pop ups	
Reliable / Respectful	
Search engine	
Social media	
Snippet / Sponsored	